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Unexpected Twists: The Rare Occurrence of Volvulus in Meckel's Diverticulum

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Authors' contributions

This work was carried out in collaboration among all authors. Author MJV wrote the article. Authors AL and PC were present at the surgery and, together with author SB. All authors read and approved the final manuscript.

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Case Report

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ABSTRACT

Aims: To present an unusual case and our therapeutic approach to a clinical case of volvulus caused by a Meckel's Diverticulum.

Presentation of Case: A 32-year-old male patient came to the emergency department with abdominal pain with constipation and abdominal distension for the last 3 days. An abdominopelvic computed tomography scan was suggestive of a perforated hollow viscus. An exploratory laparotomy was proposed. Intraoperatively, a small bowel volvulus secondary to Meckel's diverticulum was found, without pneumoperitoneum. The viability of the loops was confirmed and diverticulectomy was performed.

Conclusion: The hypothesis of Meckel's Diverticulum should always be considered in cases of small bowel obstruction.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Meckel's diverticulum (MD) is a true diverticulum of the small intestine. It consists of a partial remnant of the omphalomesenteric duct (communication of the primitive intestine with the yolk sac) resulting from non-obliteration during embryonic development. It usually appears on the antimesenteric border, at a variable distance from the ileocecal valve, which can be up to 1 meter [1,2,3,4,5].

MD is the most common congenital malformation of the gastrointestinal tract and is present in around 2% of the population, with a male-tofemale ratio of 2:11 [2,6].

The risk of complications is around 4% throughout life and decreases with age, with around 30% occurring in the first year of life and 40% until 10 years old. Complications include occlusion (more frequent in adults), inflammation,

perforation, lower gastrointestinal bleeding, and neoplasms [1,2,7].

The aim is to present an unusual clinical case and the therapeutic approach chosen.

2. PRESENTATION OF CASE

A 32-year-old male patient came to the emergency department with diffuse, constant pain, of increasing intensity, for 6 days, without irradiation, worsening, or relieving factors. It had been associated with constipation and abdominal distension for the last 3 days. He denied fever, nausea, vomiting, and alterations in the genitourinary system. Objectively, the abdomen was distended with hydro-aeirc sounds with a metallic tone, without signs of peritoneal irritation or identifiable hernias. A nasogastric tube was placed and 3500cc of stasis content drained immediately.



Fig. 1. Abdominal x-ray in orthostatism

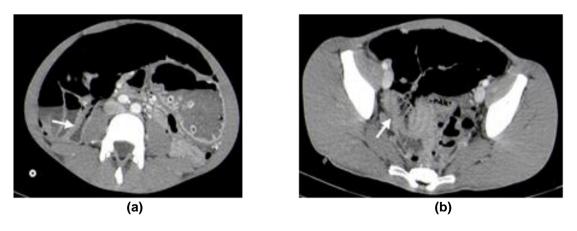


Fig. 2. Abdominopelvic TC - white arrows show a Mesocolon torsion (a) and Meckel's diverticulum (b)

Vale et al.; Asian J. Case Rep. Surg., vol. 7, no. 1, pp. 324-328, 2024; Article no.AJCRS.118358



Fig. 3. Volvulus



Fig. 4. Meckel's diverticulum

An analytical study revealed leukocytosis (14.83 $10^{3}/\mu$ L), with neutrophilia (87%), elevated C-reactive protein (CRP) (10.03 mg/dL), and lactate dehydrogenase (305 U/L). He had acute renal failure with creatinine 7.16 mg/dL. Abdominal radiography showed distension of the small bowel and colon with hydro-aeirc levels (Fig. 1). An abdominopelvic computed tomography scan (TC) with intravenous contrast was ordered that showed 'marked distension of the stomach and intestinal loops, compatible with a colon'. 'The possibility of pneumoperitoneum was suggested (Fig. 2).

Exploratory laparotomy was proposed, to which the patient consented. Intraoperatively, an axial volvulus of the small intestine was found over a lax and long mesentery (Fig. 3). After counterrotating the volvulus, a MD was identified with a wide base of around 5cm and approximately 6cm long (Fig. 4). Diverticulectomy was performed.

The surgico-pathologic study revealed: MD with gastric-type epithelium and inflammatory lesions; margins without lesions and no signs of malignancy were observed.

The patient had a favorable evolution and was discharged on the 11th postoperative day after the resolution of acute kidney injury.

3. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Despite the increasing sensitivity and specificity of imaging tests, the preoperative diagnosis of MD is rare and a challenge [1]. Most patients with Meckel diverticulum are asymptomatic and discovered incidentally by ultrasound, abdominopelvic CT, or exploratory surgery. The lifetime risk of related complications is estimated at 4%. These include gastrointestinal bleeding, obstruction, or diverticular inflammation [1,6,7]. The most widespread complication in adults is bowel obstruction. Small bowel volvulus complicates 5.5% of Meckel's diverticulum.

Symptomatic diverticulum requires surgical resection. Three surgical techniques have been described: segmental enterectomy, wedge resection, and diverticulectomy. Recently, wider resection has been advocated, the segmental enterectomy, because it allows evaluation of the mucosa at the base of the diverticulum, avoiding non or incomplete resection of ectopic mucosa with a malignancy potential, which occurs in 0.5 to 3% [2,8,9,10].

Ectopic mucosa is present in around 20% of MDs (62% gastric, 6% pancreatic, 5% gastric and pancreatic, 2% jejunal, 2% gastric and duodenal mucosa, and 2% Brunner tissue, Rarely, histology can reveal colonic, rectal, endometrial, and hepatobiliary patterns [9]. In the case presented, diverticulectomy was performed and the histology revealed gastric epithelium. The main complication of gastric ectopic mucosa is ulceration, which can lead to bleeding and/or perforation. Since the margins were free of lesions and no signs of malignancy, reintervention with segmental enterectomy wasn't proposed [11-14].

In conclusion, Meckel's diverticulum should always be considered a cause of small bowel obstruction.

In complicated cases, the surgical procedure should be adapted to the patient, with a recent preference for segmental enterectomy.

DISCLAIMER (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE)

Author(s) hereby declare that NO generative Al technologies such as Large Language Models (ChatGPT, COPILOT, etc) and text-to-image generators have been used during writing or editing of manuscripts.

CONSENT

As per international standards or university standards, patient(s) written consent has been collected and preserved by the author(s).

ETHICAL APPROVAL

As per international standards or university standards written ethical approval has been collected and preserved by the author(s).

COMPETING INTERESTS

Authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

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